

Ebenezer School School Report 2015/16

1. Our School Mission

The Gospel of Christ lays the foundation of our school. Based on our educational ideals of "Education without discrimination" and "Teaching according to Learners' Abilities", we are committed to providing an all-round quality education to children and youths with visual impairment. We strive to provide our students with an environment of positiveness, cheerfulness, trust, solidarity as well as mutual help and care for them to learn and grow. We help students to overcome their visual impairment, and to develop their own potentials and talents. Growing up as confident and independent persons, our students will turn out to be contributive members of the school, families, society and nation.

2. Our School Objectives

- 2.1 To nurture students' interest in acquisition of knowledge, their aspiration of music, arts and culture, appreciation of physical wellbeing, diligence and sociability, and getting to know the gospel of Christ.
- 2.2 To comprehensively apply modern information technology to overcome limitations of visual impairment.
- 2.3 To strengthen students' abilities in receptive, expressive and social communication, and their development in multiple intelligences.
- 2.4 To strive to create a cheerful learning environment for the students. At the same time, students' understanding of the importance of discipline in social living is also stressed

General Information on Our School

Ebenezer School & Home for the Visually Impaired was established in 1897, while EbenezerSchool registered as a subsidized special school for visually impaired students in 1956. At present the School operates 8 classes, from primary one to Secondary 3. We adopt mainstream school curriculum, which is supplemented by rehabilitative training programmes for visual impairments. We aim at enabling our students to overcome their visual impairment and to learn effectively. Also we offer a Resource Support Programme for visually impaired students who study at mainstream secondary schools, primary schools, as well as at other special schools. Since Ebenezer is the only educational institution for the visually impaired in Hong Kong, our students come from all over the region. We operate boarding service and 80% of our students are boarders.

1. Items of Key Performance Measures

KPM-1 Combination of Incorporated Management Committee (IMC)

Number of IMC members: 15 Number of members from School Sponsoring Body: 7

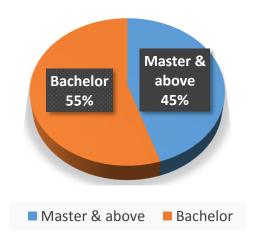
KPM-3 Teachers' Continuing Professional Development (CPD)

Structured Non-structured ties: 41 hrs 15 hrs

Teachers' average hours of CPD activities: 41 hrs 15 hrs Principal's hours of CPD activities: 80 hrs 20 hrs

KPM-4 Teachers' Qualifications (No. of teachers = 46)

4.1 Academic qualification



4.2 Professional qualification

Received Teacher Training	100%
Received Special Education Training	55%

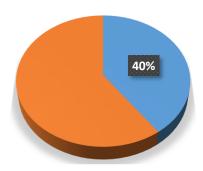


4.3 Specialized teachers for core subjects

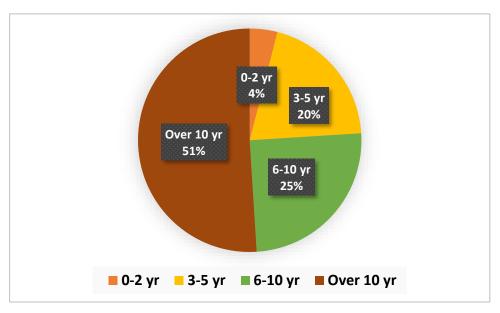
Chinese English

100%

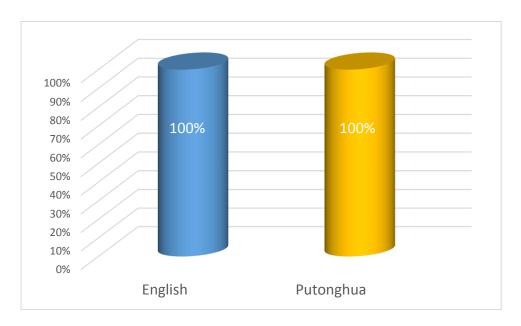




4.4 Teachers' teaching experience



$\textbf{4.5} \ \ \textbf{Language ability} - \textbf{certified}$



KPM-7 No. of school days in the year: 190 days

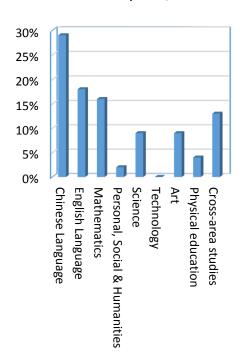
KPM-8 Percentage of class time in the 8 Key Learning Areas

Primary Section

Primary One/Two

29%
18%
16%
2%
9%
0%
9%
4%
13%

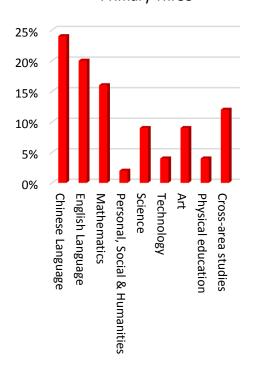
Primary One/Two



Primary Three

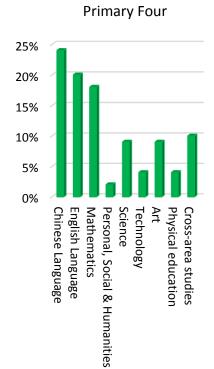
<i>J</i>	
Chinese Language	24%
English Language	20%
Mathematics	16%
Personal, Social & Humanities	2%
Science	9%
Technology	4%
Art	9%
Physical education	4%
Cross-area studies	12%

Primary Three



Primary Four

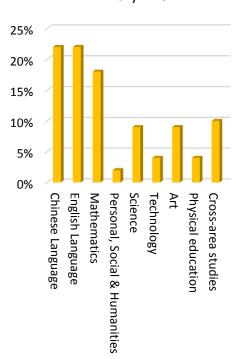
Chinese Language	24%
English Language	20%
Mathematics	18%
Personal, Social & Humanities	2%
Science	9%
Technology	4%
Art	9%
Physical education	4%
Cross-area studies	10%



Primary Five

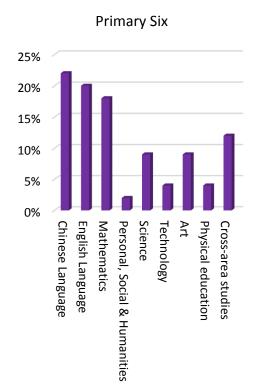
Chinese Language	22%
English Language	22%
Mathematics	18%
Personal, Social & Humanities	2%
Science	9%
Technology	4%
Art	9%
Physical education	4%
Cross-area studies	10%

Primary Five



Primary Six

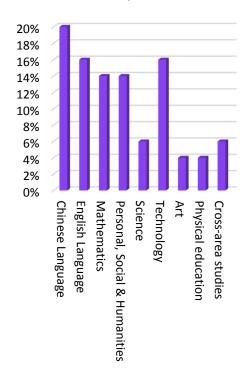
Chinese Language	22%
English Language	20%
Mathematics	18%
Personal, Social & Humanities	2%
Science	9%
Technology	4%
Art	9%
Physical education	4%
Cross-area studies	12%



Secondary Section Secondary One to Three

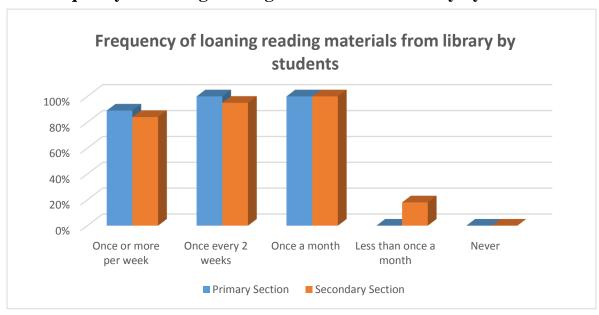
Chinese Language	20%
English Language	16%
Mathematics	14%
Personal, Social & Humanities	14%
Science	6%
Technology	16%
Art	4%
Physical education	4%
Cross-area studies	6%

Secondary One to Three



KPM-9 Students' reading habit

9.1 Frequency of loaning reading materials from library by students:



9.2 Average number of items loaned from Library:

Primary Section	22
Secondary Section	11

KPM-13 S.3 School leavers' Placement (8 students):

Integrated in mainstream schools	6
Repeated S.3 at Ebenezer School	1
Integrated in mild-grade ID	1
special schools	

KPM-22 Students' attendance rate (whole year):

Primary Section	95.02%
Secondary Section	94.11%

Progress of work on major concerns of the year

Major Concern 1: Developing self-directed learning skills

	Task	Achievement	Reflection
1.1	Developing self-directed learning skills		
1.1.1	Developing self-directed learning and self-management skills:	80% of the higher-primary students would take notes in the lesson. All secondary students were able to take notes using the computer or iPad.	The measures are effective in developing students' self-directed learning skills and are to be continued.
	 Higher-primary and lower-secondary students are taught note-taking skills Students are required to prepare for the next day's lessons 	All teachers required students to do pre-lesson studies and designed different types of assignments to build students' self-directed learning skills.	
1.1.2	Teaching mind-map skills to enhance conceptual and organisational thinking - Primary: Simple mind- map - Secondary – Concept map	70% of the students were able to use mind-mapping to facilitate learning. Students were able to draw simple mind-maps and concept maps to organise ideas and information.	Blind students and students of lower ability find difficulties using mind-maps. Teachers will discuss methods to help these students to acquire such skills in the coming school year.
1.1.3	Developing student learning portfolios to encourage students to take initiative and responsibility for learning.	All higher-primary and secondary students have completed four learning portfolios in which they set goals and reflected on their learning. 75% of the students commented that they were able to complete their homework on their own.	Students should be encouraged to reflect on their experience with self-directed learning and their ability to finish homework on their own. Some teachers commented that the students' learning goals (set in the portfolio) and their

1.1.4	Guiding students to carry out self and peer assessment and to reflect upon their learning: - Students carry out self- assessment and peer- assessment - Reflective learning: Lower Primary (Language subjects); Higher Primary(General Studies); Secondary (Integrated Humanities)	Students were given opportunities for self-assessment and peer-assessment in the learning of language subjects, General Studies and Integrated Humanities. 80% of the students were able to assess with an objective mind. Students were also able to reflect and evaluate their own studies.	personal goals (set as part of the Guidance Lesson assignments) seem to have overlapped and that it should be avoided in the future. Some students were unable to assess their performance against appropriate standards. Teachers should discuss with students how to assess accurately against an agreed set of criteria.
1.1.5	Adopting inquiry-based learning - Students learn through participating in planting activities in our new Ebenezer Farm - Inquiry-based learning is adopting in General Studies, Science, Visual Art and Maths subjects.	The students haveparticipated in 15 sessions of nursery workshops organised by the Good Family Farm this year. 90% of the students have become more interested in planting and farming. The following subject panels have carried out inquiry-based learning activities in nursery (times in this year): General Studies: 8 Science: 6	Teachers and students welcome the nursery activities. They felt a great sense of achievement to harvest what they sow. However, limited lesson time and teachers' many other work duties have made it difficult to spare the time to take care of the crops. We will have to review the approach for better manpower and resource management. The diversity of teaching strategies have resulted better learning motivation and higher thinking skills. However, there is still need for more co-planning among teachers to discuss how the materials can be adapted to

		Maths: 3 Visual Arts: 2 Such learning activities helped motivate and engage students in the learning process and as a result they have become more capable learners.	suit the learning needs of the visually impaired.
1.2	Improving course structure, for self-directed learning	teaching and learning strategies	to provide more opportunities
1.2.1	Developing a school-based course on 'Understanding Dimensions' to improve visually impaired students' understanding of shapes and objects.	The Teaching and Learning Committee and the Rehabilitation Panel have established the course 'Understanding Dimensions' and have held four workshops for students. 90% of the students became familiar with the basic skills and improvement should be seen with more practice.	Compiling the teaching materials for the course is time consuming. We will have to recruit and train volunteers to help with the task.
1.2.2	Reviewing the school-based I.T. course to better meet the needs of our students and include more opportunities for self-directed learning.	I.T. panel adopted cross-grade grouping based on students' vision and learning abilities so that teachers could meet the students' learning needs better.	To implement cross-grade grouping, the teaching schedule and content needs to be designed for students individually according to their level and progress. This brings some difficulty to the design and implementation of the course and thus the grouping will need to be reviewed so that students with similar learning needs may progress together.
1.3	Using information and assist become more able self-direct	ive technology to improve teachi ted learners	ng and learning for students to
1.3.1	Using tablet computers in	Students were taught how to	Tablet computers are quite user-
			·

	learning	4-1-1-44: 41. I.T.	6.: 41 4 11 1
	Carming	use tablet computerin the I.T.	friendly to our visually impaired
		lessons. Tablet computers are	students. Teachers who have
		now widely used in Chinese,	used them in teaching expressed
		English and Integrated	that students have shown greater
		Humanities lessons. 90% of the	learning motivation. Secondary
		students commented that it has	are good at researching online
		increased their motivation in	while higher-primary students
		learning.	still need to practice on the
			skills.
		A number of workshops were	
		held for teachers to learn how	
		to incorporate I.T. and A.T. in	
		teaching for more classroom	
		interaction.	
1.3.2	Subject teachers explore the	All teachers have tried to	Teachers took the initiative in
	use of I.T. and A.T. in teaching and learning	include I.T. and A.T in	adopting I.T. and A.T. in the
	teaching and learning	teaching, whichmeans we can	lessons. The use of I.T. and A.T.
		proceed to the next stage where	hasmade information more
		we aim for students to utilize	accessible to V.I. users.However,
		online resources available and	the School should definitely
		consolidate their learning with	improve on the ancillary
		I.T. and A.T.	facilities considering basic
			teaching aids like computers,
			projectors and speakers are not
			available in the classroom.

Major Concern 2: Promoting assistive technology

	Task	Achievement	Reflection	
2.1	Improving I.T. equipment for teaching and encouraging the use of A.T. in teaching and learning			
2.1.1	Participating in 'Support Scheme for e-Learning in Schools', improving Wi- Fi system at school, purchasing laptop computers, A.T. equipment and teaching	Scheme Wifi 900 enabled installation of 16 wireless Internet AP and now Wifi reaches all floors. Connection speed and stability have also improved.	Wifi now reaches 90% of the campus area with improved speed and stability. Moretablet computers need to be purchased next year to meet the increasing need for them.	

	1		
	applications (apps)	The funds from the scheme were used to purchase 20 tablet	More workshops will be held for teachers to learn how to use
		computers for teaching and	various education apps and
		learning. These tablet computers	make interactive e-Books.
		are in great demand for use in	
		the lessons. Teachers also made	
		use of a lot of free apps to	
		facilitate teaching.	
2.2	Facilitating teachers, soci	ial workers and boarding staff in	catering for students' learning
2.2.1	Building a database for	We have finished tender for	The assessment forms and
	students' learning	service providers and has founda	reports were found to be
	portfolio	reputable company. The	incompatible with the database
		company sent their staff for a	system and need to be
		school visit and provided us with	amended.
		an initial plan. The first system	
		test-run can be carried out in	To test the system we will need
		August.	to acquire student information
			from different school sections
		After several meetings and	and committees, which asks for
		discussions, different sections	more collaboration amongst
		within the Ebenezer organisation	various parties.
		have worked out how to	
		cooperate as a team in the	
		process.	
2.3	Enriching teaching staff'	s knowledge in e-learning	
2.3.1			
2.5.1	Organizing training and	A number of workshops and	The workshops have been
2.3.1	Organizing training and sharing workshops to	A number of workshops and sharing sessions were held to	The workshops have been helpful in promoting
2.3.1		_	_
2.3.1	sharing workshops to	sharing sessions were held to	helpful in promoting
2.3.1	sharing workshops to inform teachers of how	sharing sessions were held to equip teachers with better	helpful in promoting continuous professional
2.3.1	sharing workshops to inform teachers of how	sharing sessions were held to equip teachers with better knowledge in e-learning. The	helpful in promoting continuous professional development and teaching
2.3.1	sharing workshops to inform teachers of how	sharing sessions were held to equip teachers with better knowledge in e-learning. The feedback shows that the teachers	helpful in promoting continuous professional development and teaching quality. They also provided
2.3.1	sharing workshops to inform teachers of how	sharing sessions were held to equip teachers with better knowledge in e-learning. The feedback shows that the teachers	helpful in promoting continuous professional development and teaching quality. They also provided teachers with the information
2.3.1	sharing workshops to inform teachers of how	sharing sessions were held to equip teachers with better knowledge in e-learning. The feedback shows that the teachers found the workshops useful.	helpful in promoting continuous professional development and teaching quality. They also provided teachers with the information of the latest development in I.T. in education. The next
2.3.1	sharing workshops to inform teachers of how	sharing sessions were held to equip teachers with better knowledge in e-learning. The feedback shows that the teachers found the workshops useful. We have compiled user manuals	helpful in promoting continuous professional development and teaching quality. They also provided teachers with the information of the latest development in I.T. in education. The next stage will be to try out
2.3.1	sharing workshops to inform teachers of how	sharing sessions were held to equip teachers with better knowledge in e-learning. The feedback shows that the teachers found the workshops useful. We have compiled user manuals for 5 commonly used A.T.,	helpful in promoting continuous professional development and teaching quality. They also provided teachers with the information of the latest development in I.T. in education. The next stage will be to try out interactive e-books for visually
2.3.1	sharing workshops to inform teachers of how	sharing sessions were held to equip teachers with better knowledge in e-learning. The feedback shows that the teachers found the workshops useful. We have compiled user manuals for 5 commonly used A.T., namely Active Braille, Braille	helpful in promoting continuous professional development and teaching quality. They also provided teachers with the information of the latest development in I.T. in education. The next stage will be to try out

		software.	continue to provide teaching
			staff with information of the
			latest development in I.T. and
			A.T.
2.4		an A.T. Resource Centre for staff bout A.T. for the visually impaired	· · ·
2.4.1	Gathering resources for	We have compiled a list of A.T.	Having decided on the items to
	the set-up.	equipment to be purchased and	be purchased, we are now only
		have raised \$480,000 for the	waiting for the grant of QEF to
	- Purchasing A.T.	purchase.	start the renovation.
	equipment for		
	demonstration	We are applying for Quality	When the A.T. Resource
	- Compiling guidelines	Education Funds (QEF) to	Centre is established, all the
	to the management of	renovate the Design and	staff will be briefed on the
	the A.T. Resource	Technology Room into an A.T.	guidelines and regulations of
	Centre	Resource Centre.	use and how to make best use
			of the facilities.
		We have written a blueprint for	
		the interior design and the	
		equipment required.	

Major Concern 3: Improving self-management skills

	Task	Achievement	Reflection
3.1	Students developing a go	od habit of being organized	
3.1.1	Get-organized days: Students spend the Guidance lessons (dates listed) to get their desks and belongings organized.	All students were able to keep their desks and their personal belongings tidy and organised. 85% of the students were able to keep their lift up lid drawer tidy. Some students still need to learn to dispose of used paper and books and to file worksheets. Primary students tend to be tidier than the secondary students do not have as many personal items as the secondary students.	The activity helps remind students of the importance of cleanliness and should be continued in the coming year, one in the first term and another in the second term.
3.1.2	Everyone get involved: Students assess each other's level of cleanliness. One class will win a Cleanliness award by the end of term.	Lower primary students could tidy up themselves with the help of teachers. Higher-primary students could do so on their own. Secondary students also showed improvement.	Students were engaged in the activity. They showed self-discipline in getting organised. Students were able to objectively assess each other's cleanliness.
3.1.3	Students on duty: One student is put on duty each week to maintain and monitor cleanliness of the classroom.	30% of the students on duty demonstrated responsibility and helped maintain and monitor cleanliness of the classroom.	Students were confused about the role of the class monitor and the role of the student-onduty. Students would forget to report for duty and needed to be reminded by teachers. This activity will not be continued in the coming year.
3.1.4	Cleanliness-themed photography competition	Students participated in the competition in groups of three. Each group must include one	Some students formed groups by themselves and knew what they wanted to capture in the

	Student Union organizes a photography competition of photos of clean places in the classroom.	lower-primary, one higher-primary and one secondary student. The competition was a good chance for students to evaluate how well other students have done to keep the classroom clean.	photos but some students were rather passive. Nonetheless, we recommend the activity to be held again the future as it encourages collaboration across students of different grades and promotes creative use of I.T.
3.1.5	Students tidy up their desks and put away all books and chairs after AAT.	Over 85% of the students wouldtidy up their desks and put away all books and chairs after AAT.	We recommend continuing this practice in the coming year in order to develop it into a habit.
3.2	Students looking clean ar	nd presentable at all times	
3.2.1	Uniform inspection: Prefects inspect students' uniform 10 minutes before the morning assembly on the dates listed.	The prefects inspected the students' uniform before the scheduled morning assemblies and they would also offer advice on how students can improve on their appearance. This helped students maintain a neat and clean appearance at all times.	We recommend continuing this practice, for one, it reminds students of the importance of being clean and presentable, and two, it develops a sense of authority of the prefects.
3.2.2	Personal grooming workshops: Professionals are invited to teach Higher-primary and secondary students how to maintain a clean and presentable look and meet the dress codes of different occasions.	Students learned about how to dress appropriately for different occasions. They were also give a chance to select clothes for different scenarios.	Due to visual impairment, students are rarely given the chance to select their clothes. This activity helped students to understand the dress codes of different occasions and improve their independence. We recommend this activity to be continued.
3.2.3	Keeping dining tables clean: Students keep dining tables clean while eating and clean up after themselves.	Students were able to keep the dining tables clean. Lower-primary students need to continue to improve their table manners. Secondary students cleaned up the table after eating	All students have demonstrated better table manners. This activity should be continued.

		but they failed to hold the bowl when eating as they should.	
3.2.4	Achievement scheme: Students set personal goals to maintain cleanliness and teachers assess students and provide feedback to students in the Guidance lessons.	All students could set their personal goals and accomplish them. Class teachers guided students to reflect on their achievement in the Guidance lessons.	The achievement scheme has run for a few years and students' enthusiasm towards the scheme seems to have dropped. We may have to include some new challenges or rewards to better engage students in it.

THE IMC OF EBENEZER: SCHOOL

EXPANDED OPERATING EXPENSES BLOCK GRANT ("EOEBG") FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE ACCOUNTING YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

_		\$
Income Grants received	- School Specific	3,277,867.39
Grants received	- Non-School Specific (Baseline Reference)	1,108,222.07
	• •	
Total grants received		4,386,089.46
Other income (Please provide	details)	275,526.29
TOTAL INCOME		4,661,615.75
EXPENDITURE		
- School specific		(3,081,019.98)
- Non-School Specia	fic	(1,208,125.86)
TOTAL EXPENDITURE		(4,289,145.84)
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		372,469.91
Surplus brought forward fro	om previous period/year	1,075,215.33
Prior year(s) adjustments		
The surplus of EOEBG trans	• •	
	rojects approved/funded by EDB nt expenses arising from government-funded projects	-
	nt expenses arising from furniture and	(26,100.00)
		(,,
Amount transferred to other	Grants (Please specify)	(21,359.00)
Surplus balance after transfe	er	1,400,226.24

Breakdown for the carried forward surplus:	
Subvention in advance for April & May, 2016	737,736.87
Provision for staff entitled by long service payment	160,000.00
Surplus after deduction	502,489.37

THE IMC OF EBENEZER SCHOOL

EXPANDED OPERATING EXPENSES BLOCK GRANT ("EOEBG") STATEMENT OF INCOME & EXPENDITURE OF GRANTS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE ACCOUNTING YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	Inco	me		
		Others		
	Grant	(Please		Surplus /
	Received	specify) *	Expenditure	(Deficit)
	\$	\$	\$	\$
School Specific Grants				
- Administration Grant / Revised Administration Grant	1,739,709.00	-	(1,348,416.67)	391,292.33
- Boarding Grant and Top-up Boarding Grant	825,553.75	247,628.00	(1,288,671.84)	(215,490.09)
- Capacity Enhancement Grant	307,126.25	-	••	307,126.25
- Composite Information Technology Grant	308,027.00	-	(396,859.10)	(88,832.10)
- Resource Material Grant for Visually Impaired Students	77,420.00	-	(14,918.97)	62,501.03
- Travelling Grant for Resource Teachers	20,031.39	-	(32,153.40)	(12,122.01)
Total	3,277,867.39	247,628.00	(3,081,019.98)	444,475.41
A Otal	5,277,607.59	247,020.00	(5,001,019.98)	444,473.41
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THE IMC OF EBENEZER SCHOOL

CAPITAL RESERVE FUND (1) GENERAL FUNDS ACCOUNT: INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE ACCOUNTING YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	1	I	
	\$	\$	
INCOME			
Donations			
The Community Chest Of Hong Kong	388,063.00		
Others	10,567.84		
Others (Please provide details)	,		
Miscellaneous income	35,649.05		
TOTAL INCOME		434,279.89	
EXPENDITURE			
Deficit on Grant A/C: (Please itemise)			
Other Expenditure (Please provide details)			
Deficit on Specific Purpose Account (Statement	(12,680.50)		
Staff salaries & Provident fund contributions	(372,045.30)		
Insurance	(51,746.86)		
Low-vision training programme expenses	(4,457.80)		
Other programme expenses	(11,208.80)		
Repair and maintenance	(9,624.44)		
Sundry Expenses	(1,853.65)		
Suitary Expenses	(1,855.05)		
TOTAL EXPENDITURE		(463,617.35)	
		(100,011,00)	
SURPLUS / (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		(29,337.46)	
SURPLUS / (DEFICIT) BROUGHT FORWARD FROM PREVIOUS PERIOD / YEAR		(66,415.82)	
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS / (DEFICIT)		(95,753.28)	
Less : APPROPRIATIONS		-	
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS / (DEFICIT)		(95,753.28)	
CARRIED FORWARD TO NEXT YEAR			